

PRONOUN

- A pronoun takes the place of a noun.
- A personal pronoun takes the place of a person, place, thing, or idea.
- A relative pronoun relates to a noun preceding it in the sentence and serves as the subject or object of a dependent clause.
- An indefinite pronoun refers to an unknown or undetermined person, place, or thing.
- A demonstrative pronoun takes the place of person, place, thing, or idea that must be singled out.
- An interrogative pronoun takes the place of a noun being used as the answer to a question.
- A reflexive pronoun refers back to or reflects the noun whose place it takes. Reflexive pronouns always end in *-self* or *-selves*.